ISTITUTO **OFFICINA DEI** MATERIALI



Few-layer and single-layer MoS₂ studied by synchrotron radiation photoemission and X-ray absorption spectroscopy

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BACH Beamline for Advanced diCHroism



Photoelecron diffraction, Sample preparation

RESEARCH AREAS Material Science Surface Science Physical Chemistry Astrophysics Electrochemistry

ENERGY RANGE 44 eV – 1650 eV

MAIN TECHNIQUES AND METHODS **High-Resolution**

X-ray Photoelectron Spectroscopy Angle-resolved, resonant,

fast and temperature-programmed PES

X-Ray Absorption Spectroscopy (XAS)



Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche

SOURCE

Two Apple II type helical undulators Selectable horizontal, vertical, circular polarization

- total fluorescence and electron yield - partial and Auger electron yield

- linear and circular dichroism (XLD, XMCD)
- time-resolved XAS (sub-ns)

-in situ/in operando at solid/liquid interfaces

Photon energy resolution: 6 meV @ 44eV, 30 meV @ 500 eV, 500 meV @ 1650 eV Typical beam size: $350 \times 150 \ \mu m^2$ Flux: 10¹⁰ - 10¹² Photons/s

ACCESSIBILITY

- BACH is accessible via accepted experiments on public time, scientific collaborations and commercial contracts • BACH is part of the BABE facility (babe.iom.cnr.it) accessible through the Integrated Activities for the High Energy
- Astrophysics Domain (AHEAD2020) Trans-National Access Programme
- BACH is accessible through the Nanoscience Foundries & fine analysis (NFFA) Trans-National Access Programme (<u>nffa.eu</u>)

Amorphous-to-crystal transition in thin MoS₂

Li-doped few-layer MoS₂





